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Announcement of The College of Law

1925-26

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CALENDAR OF THE COLLEGE OF LAW

1925-26

FIRST TERM

1925

Sept. 23,	<i>Wednesday,</i>	Examination of candidates for advanced standing and for removal of conditions begins.
Sept. 23,	<i>Wednesday,</i>	} Registration and assignment of new students.
Sept. 24,	<i>Thursday,</i>	
Sept. 25,	<i>Friday,</i>	Registration and assignment of old students.
Sept. 26,	<i>Saturday,</i>	Assignments concluded.
Sept. 28,	<i>Monday,</i>	Instruction begins at 8 A. M.
Oct. 16,	<i>Friday,</i>	Last day for payment of tuition for the first term.
Nov. 26,	<i>Thursday,</i>	Thanksgiving Day: a holiday.
Dec. 19,	<i>Saturday,</i>	Instruction ends at 1 P. M.

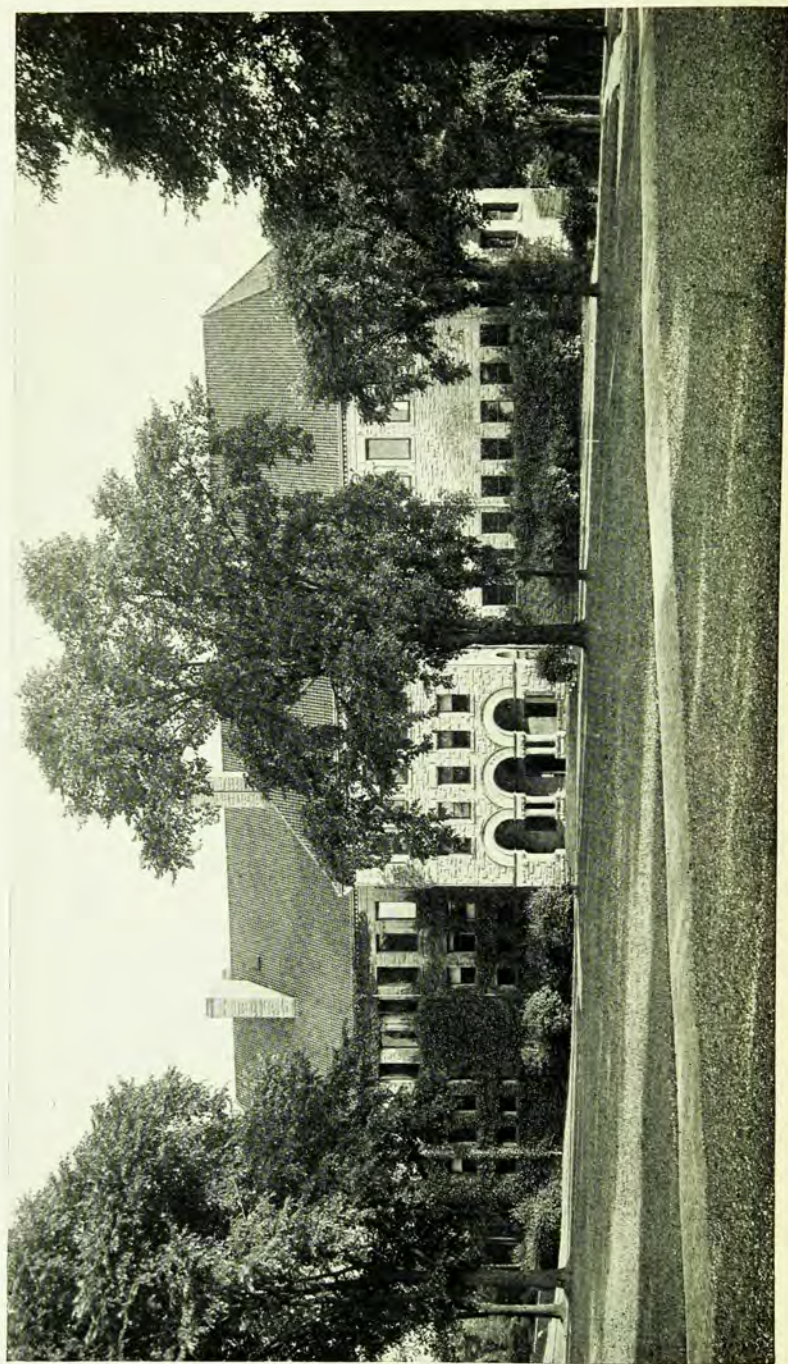
} Christmas
Recess

1926

Jan. 4,	<i>Monday,</i>	Instruction resumed, 8 A. M.
Jan. 11,	<i>Monday,</i>	Founder's Day.
Jan. 23,	<i>Saturday,</i>	Instruction ends.
Jan. 25,	<i>Monday,</i>	Term examinations begin.
Feb. 3,	<i>Wednesday,</i>	Term ends.
Feb. 4,	<i>Thursday,</i>	A holiday.

SECOND TERM

Feb. 5,	<i>Friday,</i>	} Registration of all students.
Feb. 6,	<i>Saturday,</i>	
Feb. 8,	<i>Monday,</i>	Instruction begins at 8 A. M.
March 1,	<i>Monday,</i>	Last day for payment of tuition for the second term.
April 3,	<i>Saturday,</i>	Instruction ends at 1 P. M.
April 12,	<i>Monday,</i>	Instruction resumed, 8 A. M.
May 22,	<i>Saturday,</i>	Spring Day: a holiday
May 31,	<i>Monday,</i>	Term examinations begin.
June 8,	<i>Tuesday,</i>	End of term examinations.
June 14,	<i>Monday,</i>	COMMENCEMENT.



BOARDMAN HALL (College of Law), CORNELL UNIVERSITY

THE COLLEGE OF LAW OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF THE COLLEGE OF LAW

LIVINGSTON FARRAND, A.B., M.D., L.H.D., LL.D., President of the University.

GEORGE GLEASON BOGERT, A.B., LL.B., Dean of the Faculty, and World War Memorial Professor of Law.

EDWIN HAMLIN WOODRUFF, LL.B., Professor of Law.

CHARLES KELLOGG BURDICK, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law.

OLIVER LEROY MCCASKILL, Ph.B., J.D., Professor of Procedure.

LYMAN P. WILSON, B.S., J.D., LL.D., Professor of Law.

ROBERT SPROULE STEVENS, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law.

HORACE EUGENE WHITESIDE, A.B., LL.B., Assistant Professor of Law and Secretary of the College.

LUCIUS WARD BANNISTER, A.B., LL.B. (of the Denver, Colorado, Bar), Lecturer on Water Rights.

HON. LEONARD C. CROUCH, Ph.B. (Justice of the Appellate Division of the New York Supreme Court, Fourth Department), special lecturer on Practice.

HON. THOMAS EWING, A.B., A.M., LL.B., LL.D. (formerly United States Commissioner of Patents), Lecturer on the Patent Laws of the United States.

HON. FRANK IRVINE, B.S. (formerly Public Service Commissioner for the State of New York, Second District), special lecturer on Public Service Law and Practice.

HON. HARRINGTON PUTNAM, A.B., LL.D. (formerly Justice of the Appellate Division of the New York Supreme Court, Second Department), Lecturer on the Law of Shipping and Admiralty.

EDWARD ECKER WILLEVER, LL.B., Librarian.

OBJECTS OF THE COLLEGE

The Cornell University College of Law was founded in 1887. Its purpose is to give students a thorough training in the common law and equity jurisprudence of England and America, as affected by statute, to the end that its graduates may be qualified for successful practice and broadminded, progressive citizenship.

An experience of more than thirty years has incontestably demonstrated that a broad yet intensive training in the operation of the principles of the common law, supplemented by guidance of the individual student in the examination of local peculiarities in which he is interested, qualifies graduates for admission to the bar in any of the states, and produces a higher type of lawyer than does instruction based primarily on the statutes and decisions of a single state.

The aim of the school is not solely to give information, nor solely to train the minds of its students. Its Faculty believes that sound legal education should and can combine discipline in legal reasoning with the accumulation of comprehensive knowledge of legal rules and principles.

The college is conducted on the theory that teaching law is a task requiring all the working time of well trained legal scholars. The members of the teaching staff do not practice law, but give all their time to instruction, research, and writing. Their practice of the law which gives them an appreciation of the law in operation, has preceded their teaching.

The case system of instruction is used, supplemented by collateral reading, the examination of statutes, the solutions of problems, and the delivery of reports on legal questions. Final examinations are held twice a year, and preliminary examinations are given as needed, especially during the first year, in order that teacher and student may be informed as to the progress which is being made.

In all the work of the college, the honor system prevails. It was instituted in 1907, at the request of the students, and has proved highly successful. The Faculty believes that legal training under the

honor system constitutes an important factor in the firm establishment of a high ethical standard among graduates of the college.

The classes in the college are limited in number. This limitation is believed by the Faculty to be of great advantage to the students, since it enables each instructor to give frequent personal attention to the development of each student, and to require quizzes, problems, interviews, and reports, which would not be possible were the number of students greatly increased.

ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS

REGULAR FIRST YEAR STUDENTS

Applicants for admission as regular first year students are required to present evidence of the receipt of a bachelor's degree from an approved college or university. Students in the college of Arts and Sciences of Cornell University are allowed, however, in their senior year to elect the first year of the Law course and in this way to obtain the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws in six years.

In September, 1925, an exception will be made in favor of students who registered in Cornell University prior to February 1924, and such students will be admitted upon presentation of a certificate showing the completion of two years of college work.

SPECIAL STUDENTS

Applicants who are twenty-one years of age may, in the discretion of the Faculty, be admitted to the college as special students not candidates for a degree. This privilege will be granted only upon written application, specifying the age of the applicant and the amount and character of preparatory study, previous law study, and business experience which the applicant has had, accompanied, if practicable, with certificates from the preparatory school, law school, attorney, or business man under whose direction work has been done. Applicants are advised to correspond with the Dean of the College before presenting themselves in person.

ADVANCED STANDING

Students who have satisfied the entrance requirements for regular first year students, and who have successfully completed one or more years of law work in a law school of approved standing may, in the discretion of the Faculty, be admitted to advanced standing on such conditions as the Faculty may prescribe. Advanced standing beyond the second year is granted only in cases of exceptional merit.

STUDENTS FROM OTHER COLLEGES IN CORNELL UNIVERSITY

Subject to the regulations of the college in which he is registered, and of the College of Law, a student from another college of the University may elect work in the College of Law. It is by virtue of this provision that a student in the College of Arts and Sciences may in six years satisfy the requirements for the degree of A.B. and for

the degree of LL.B. By a rule of the College of Law, students from other colleges in the University may, with the permission of the Law Faculty in each case, elect work in this college; but they are not permitted to do so before the beginning of their senior year, except upon presentation of special reasons to the Dean of the Law Faculty. Work permitted to be taken in the College of Law may be counted towards the law degree. Students from other colleges who elect work in the College of Law (except those who, in their senior year, elect the whole of the first year work in the College of Law) should, before making their election of courses, advise with the Dean of the Law Faculty as to the subjects to be elected and the order in which they should be taken.

THE SUMMER SESSION

The College of Law will offer, during the summer of 1925, a summer session of eleven weeks duration, divided into two terms of five and one-half weeks each. The schedule of courses is so arranged that students may attend both terms or either term alone. New students may commence the study of law at the beginning of the summer session.

The courses offered in the summer session have the same content and are conducted in the same manner as those given during the regular college year. All credit received in the summer session by students regularly admitted to the College of Law as candidates for the degree of LL.B. will be counted toward the degree.

The purposes of the summer session are: (1) to enable law students to shorten the time required for graduation by continuing the study of law during the summer; (2) to make it possible for students to get additional law courses in the summer, or courses which they were unable to complete during the regular academic year; (3) to offer an opportunity for law study to those students who are unable to attend at other seasons; (4) to make it possible for students to commence the study of law in September, February, or June. By this means a student may begin his law studies in June, 1925, attend for two regular academic years and three summer sessions, and be graduated in September, 1927. Likewise a student who enters the college in February, 1926, may be graduated in June, 1928, and one who enters in September 1925, may be graduated in February, 1928. This arrangement in no way interferes with the regular three-year course for those students who do not desire to attend the summer session.

THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

THREE-YEAR COURSE. The completion of the course of instruction in law requires ninety-six weeks of attendance, or three years of about thirty-two weeks each, as the course is usually taken. By attending the summer sessions of the College of Law, a student may complete the three-year course in two and one-fourth calendar years, as explained above.

All the work of the first year and certain courses of the second and third years, as indicated below, are required of all students. The remaining courses are offered as electives to students in the second and third years. A student must complete eighty-two semester hours for graduation. The courses offered are set forth at length below.

SIX-YEAR COMBINED COURSE. It is possible to obtain the degrees of A.B. and LL.B. at Cornell in six years. The first three years are spent exclusively in the College of Arts and Sciences. Under the rules of the latter college qualified seniors in Arts are allowed to elect all their work in the College of Law and receive the A.B. degree upon the successful completion of the first year of the law course. By spending two additional years in the College of Law, the student may receive the degree of LL.B.

FIRST YEAR

1. **Contract.** First term. Six hours. Huffcut and Woodruff's *Cases on Contract* (4th ed.). Professor WOODRUFF.

The principles controlling the formation, operation and termination of the contractual obligation, and the legal consequences of breach of contract are discussed in detail. The subject is fundamental and is a necessary preliminary to various subjects which involve special applications of contract law and are separately treated later in the law course. The study of the application of equitable remedies to breach of contract is embodied in the course in equity.

2. **Agency.** Second term. Two hours. Huffcut's *Cases on Agency* (2d ed.). Professor WOODRUFF.

Contracts created not solely by the action of the contracting party himself but formed by him through a representative, constitute the particular subject-matter of the course. The creation and termination of the relation of agency and the rights and duties of the principal, the agent, and the other party to the contract, in respect to one another, are discussed. Those cases where a representative does a mechanical act, as distinguished from making a contract or representation, are treated under the topic master and servant in the course in Torts.

3. **Torts (including Master and Servant).** Second term. Six hours. Case book to be announced. Professor WILSON.

An elementary treatment of the general principles of tort liability, a basic subject in law. The essentials of the important wrongs not arising out of contract are studied. The latter part of the course consists of an examination of the relationship of master and servant, including statutory modifications of the master's liability and Workmen's Compensation Acts.

4. **Criminal Law and Procedure.** First term. Four hours. Mikell's *Cases on Criminal Law*. Professor BURDICK.

A study of the criminal law, both common and statutory, including the historical development of this branch of law as well as the analysis of the necessary elements of crimes, and the consideration of the principal classes of crimes. This is supplemented by instruction in criminal procedure.

5. **Property 1a.** First term. Two hours. Bigelow's *Cases on Personal Property*. Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

Distinctions between real and personal property; rights of action based on possession or on ownership; possessory interests in chattels, including found property, bailments, liens, and pledges; acquisition of ownership in personal property; fixtures; crops and natural fruits of the soil.

6. **Property 1b.** Second term. Three hours. Aigler's *Cases on Titles*. Bigelow's *Cases on Rights in Land, with Introduction*. Professor BOGERT.

Introduction to the law of real property; estates; execution of deeds; the property conveyed; covenants for title; priorities; possessory titles.

7. **Actions.** First term. Two hours. Sunderland's *Cases on Common Law Pleading*. Professor McCASKILL.

The common law forms of action as developed through the writ system, and the influence of the writ system on the substantive law of rights.

9. **Equity I.** Second term. Three hours. Ames's *Cases in Equity Jurisdiction*, Vol. 1. Professor BOGERT.

The course involves a study of the origin, nature, and fundamental principles of equity jurisdiction, and a consideration of the remedy of specific performance and the defenses thereto.

SECOND AND THIRD YEARS

20. **Property II.** First term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1925-26 and alternate years thereafter. Bigelow, *Cases on Rights in Land*; Aigler, *Cases on Titles*. Professor WILSON.

Rights incidental to possession, including waters; rights in the land of another, including profits, easements, and licenses; possessory titles; prescription; accretion; easements by implication; estoppel by deed.

21. **Negotiable Paper.** First term. Three hours. Elective. Smith and Moore's *Cases on Bills and Notes* (2d ed.). Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

A discussion of the formal requisites of bills, notes and checks, the obligations incurred by the various parties to such instruments, and the steps necessary to perfect the holder's rights. Throughout the course special attention is given to the provisions of the Uniform Negotiable Instruments Law, which has been adopted in all of the states except one.

22. **Wills and Probate Law.** Second term. Two hours. Elective. Costigan's *Cases on Wills*. Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

Includes a discussion of the right to dispose of property by will and the nature of the modern testamentary instrument; a detailed study of the law's formalities for the due execution and revocation of a will and of the various classes of legacies and devises; also an examination of the nature, jurisdiction, and procedure of probate courts in their relation to the administration of decedents' estates.

23. Equity II. First term. Three hours. Required of second year students. Chafee's *Cases on Equitable Relief against Torts*; Pound's *Cases on Equitable Relief against Defamation and Injuries to Personality*; Ames's *Cases in Equity Jurisdiction*, Vol. II. Professor STEVENS.

Equitable relief against torts; the rescission and reformation of contracts; bills of peace and bills of interpleader.

24. Insurance. Second term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1925-26 and alternate years thereafter. Woodruff's *Cases on Insurance* (2d ed.). Professor WOODRUFF.

The special subject matter treated is the insurance contract, and the peculiar applications of the principles of contract, agency, evidence, and equity to this species of contractual obligation. The contracts of fire and life insurance are selected for detailed study; statutory provisions affecting insurance contracts are considered; and attention is given to the main features of state control of insurance.

25. Domestic Relations and the Law of Persons. Second term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1924-25 and alternate years thereafter. Woodruff's *Cases on Domestic Relations and the Law of Persons* (3d ed.). Professor WOODRUFF.

This course includes the law of parent and child; husband and wife, including marriage and divorce; and the legal disabilities of infants.

26. Evidence. First term. Four hours. Required of second year students. Wigmore's *Cases on Evidence* (2d ed.). Professor WILSON.

This course includes in general all questions relating to evidence in both civil and criminal cases. It deals with judicial notice, presumptions, admissions, relevancy, and the rule against hearsay with its exceptions. It also covers opinion evidence, real evidence, documentary evidence, the best evidence rule, the parol evidence rule, and the examination of witnesses.

27. Sales. First term. Three hours. Elective. Woodward's *Cases on Sales* (2d ed.). Professor BOGERT.

This course is concerned with the formation of the contract of sale of personal property, the respective rights and duties of buyer and seller regarding the performance of the contract, the origin and incidents of warranties regarding the goods sold, and the remedies open to buyer and seller, respectively, in the various contingencies incidental to sales of goods.

28. Pleading. Second term. Five hours. Required of second year students. Sunderland's *Cases on Common Law Pleading*, selected cases on equity pleading, and Hinton's *Cases on Code Pleading*. Professor MCCASKILL.

The object of this course is to point out the requisites of good pleading under all systems. The common and peculiar features of the common law and equity systems are studied, noting what features have been adopted, rejected, or modified by the code system, together with any new features introduced by the latter. Attention is also paid to the English Practice Act and some of the newer practice acts in this country. The stress is laid on the code system of pleading as it exists

under the various codes, but an attempt is made to show how this system has been built up, the strength and weakness of its various parts, and to bring out constructive suggestions as to the future development of pleadings.

29. Practice. First term. Four hours. Elective to third year students. Case book to be announced. Professor MCCASKILL.

Through material selected from many jurisdictions, State and Federal, a study is made of the various steps taken in a civil action from the issuance of process to the satisfaction of judgment. An attempt is made to point out the features common to all jurisdictions, studying the principles which are operating, and to ascertain whether the points of difference are fundamental or in minor detail.

30. Mortgages. Second term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1926-27 and alternate years thereafter. *Durfee's Cases on Mortgages*. Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

This course includes a discussion of the history and development of the modern mortgage, including equitable liens, with a detailed study of mortgage law in its present day application; it also includes an examination of the procedure for the foreclosure of the mortgage.

31. Suretyship. Second term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1925-26 and alternate years thereafter. *Hening's Cases on Suretyship*. Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

A discussion of the law of principal and surety, arising from contract or otherwise. Among the topics considered are, the nature of the obligation of suretyship, the guarantor's and indorser's liability, and subrogation.

32a. Partnership. First term. Two hours. Elective. *Gilmore's Cases on Partnership*. Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

This course deals with the law of partnership both at common law and under the Uniform Partnership Acts; including a consideration of limited partnerships, joint stock companies and business trusts.

32b. Private Corporations. Second term. Four hours. Elective to third year students. *Warren's Cases on Corporations* (2d ed.). Professor STEVENS.

In this course a study is made of the law of private corporations; their promotion, de facto corporations, ultra vires action, liability for torts and crimes, the rights and liabilities of officers, stockholders, and creditors, and the reorganization of corporations.

33. Quasi-Contracts. Second term. Two hours. Elective. *Woodruff's Cases on Quasi-Contracts* (2d ed.). Professor WOODRUFF.

This course deals with the common law remedy in those cases where one person has conferred benefits upon another, under such circumstances as would permit the latter to enrich himself unjustly if he were not compelled to respond to the extent of the money value of the benefits received by him. Some, among the various instances discussed, are cases of benefits conferred under mistake, or under constraint, or in misreliance upon an unenforceable contract, or through warrantable intervention in another's affairs.

34. Law of Public Service and Carriers. Second term. Three hours. Elective. C. K. Burdick's *Cases on Public Service and Carriers* (2d ed.). Professor BURDICK.

In this course are considered the bases of the duties of public service, and the extent of those duties, as well as the legality of rates fixed by the company, the constitutionality of rates fixed by the state, and the law with regard to illegal discrimination, adequate facilities, and withdrawal from service. The peculiar duties and liabilities of common carriers of goods and passengers are also discussed.

35. Constitutional Law. Second term. Four hours. Required for graduation. Hall's *Cases on Constitutional Law*. Professor BURDICK.

The fundamental doctrines of the American constitutional system are treated. After a discussion of the general relations and powers of the federal government and the states, the principal cases dealing with the power of the courts as to unconstitutional statutes are studied in their relation to fundamental rights, the due process clause, taxation, interstate commerce and the impairment of the obligation of contracts. (See the material on page 14 as to related courses in the College of Arts and Sciences.)

37. Procedure IIb. Practice Court. Second term. Four hours. Elective to third year students. Professor McCASKILL.

Through practical exercises in the commencement, maturing, and trial of cases, the student learns the mechanics of a law suit. The work is so planned, however, that the student, while acquiring a familiarity with the technique of practice, develops powers of constructive thinking in determining the relationships between law and facts, between the various courses in substantive law which for purposes of effective teaching have been segregated, and between substantive law and procedure. He is given a wider and more practical perspective. He is taught to weigh the value of optional steps. In learning what he may do in the service of a client he is impressed with the important fact that he likewise has duties to society. Without hiding from him technical practice which is too often the subject of abuse he is taught the proper and improper use of such practice. The course is designed to teach the fundamentals of advocacy in the belief that a better bar and bench, with higher ideals, can be produced by laying these important foundations under skilled guidance in the law school than by leaving them to be picked up at random in the various types of law offices and under the varying conditions of modern practice.

38. Future Interests. Second term. Three hours. Elective to third year students. Kales' *Cases on Future Interests* and selected cases. Professor STEVENS.

Future interests in property and the rules governing their creation; remainders, perpetuities, accumulations, powers.

39. Trusts. First term. Four hours. Elective. Costigan's *Cases on Trusts*. Professor BOGERT.

This course deals with the distinctions between trusts and other similar relationships, the creation of trusts and the purposes for which they may be created, the settlor and the trust property, the trustee and the cestui que trust, and their respective qualifications, powers, rights, and duties, and the extinction of the trust.

41. Conflict of Laws. Second term. Three hours. Elective. Lorenzen's *Cases on Conflict of Laws* (2d ed.). Professor WILSON.

This course includes discussion of the principles governing the choice of rules to be applied in determining questions "concerning the rights of persons within

the territory of one nation or state, by reason of acts, private or public, done within the dominion of another nation or state."

42. **Municipal Corporations.** First term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1926-27 and alternate years thereafter. Beale's *Cases on Municipal Corporations*. Professor BURDICK.

Creation, control, alteration, and dissolution of municipal corporations; their charters, proceedings, officers, and agents; their powers and liabilities; taxation and indebtedness.

43. **Administrative Law and Public Officers.** Second term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1926-27 and alternate years thereafter. Case book to be announced. Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

Appointment or election of public officers; their qualifications and the performance of their duties; de facto officers; expiration of terms, resignations and removals; rights, duties and liabilities growing out of public office.

44. **Property III.** First term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1926-27 and alternate years thereafter. Bigelow's *Cases on Rights in Land*. Professor WILSON.

Covenants running with the land, including enforcement at law or in equity, and between landlord and tenant and fee owners; rents, waste; public rights in streams and highways.

45. **Bankruptcy.** Second term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1925-26 and alternate years thereafter. Case book to be announced. Assistant Professor WHITESIDE.

A study of the National Bankruptcy Act and its construction.

46. **International Law.** First term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1925-26 and alternate years thereafter. Professor BURDICK.

A discussion of the rights and duties of nations and their subjects or citizens in time of peace or war, where international questions are involved.

48. **Restraints on Business and Industry.** First term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1926-27 and alternate years thereafter. Selected cases. Professor STEVENS.

An examination of the conflict of rights between business competitors, and between employers and employees, and of the paramount interest of the public in business or industrial warfare. A study of the restrictions placed by the law, as a result of this conflict and the interest of the public, upon the freedom of the individual to dispose of his property or labor or to conduct his business. The course embraces a consideration of the common and statute law as to methods of unfair competition, contracts in restraint of trade, illegal combinations, and some incidents of labor disputes. (See the material on page 14 as to related courses in the College of Arts and Sciences.)

49. **Taxation.** First term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1924-25 and alternate years thereafter. Selected cases. Professor STEVENS.

A study of the following topics: The taxing power and the limitations placed upon it by constitutions, the purpose of the tax, and the situs of the property or the domicile of the person. Direct and indirect taxes. Property and privilege taxes. The assessment and equalization, the collection and payment of taxes. The nature of the obligation to pay a tax. Remedies for the imposition and collection of unauthorized taxes. Special attention will be devoted to some fundamental principles involved in Income, Inheritance, and Corporation Tax Laws.

(See the material on page 14 as to related courses in the College of Arts and Sciences.)

50. Jurisprudence. First term. Two hours. Elective to third year students. Given in 1925-26 and alternate years thereafter. Assigned reading and selected cases. Professor STEVENS.

An examination of the concepts of Law, and Rights, antecedent and remedial, in rem and in personam. A study of judicial decisions as influenced by the rule of stare decisis and philosophical, sociological, and economic considerations.

51. Labor Law. First term. Two hours. Elective. Given in 1925-26 and alternate years thereafter. Sayre's *Cases on Labor Law*. Professor STEVENS.

This course concerns the problems arising out of the struggle between employers and employees for the adjustment of wages and working conditions by collective bargaining. The principal topics considered are: legality of labor organizations, strikes, lockouts, boycotts, picketing, black lists, and the use of the injunction, and compulsory arbitration. (See the material on page 14 as to related courses in the College of Arts and Sciences.)

COURSES IN THE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

RELATED COURSES. Attention is called to the following courses given in the College of Arts and Sciences:

Economics 65b: **Trusts and Modern Capitalism.**

Economics 67b: **State in Relation to Labor.**

Economics 87: **Public Revenues.**

Government 20: **Constitutional Law: The American Federal System.**

Government 21: **Constitutional Law: Fundamental Rights and Immunities.**

Government 22: **Seminary in Constitutional Problems.**

Since these courses are related respectively to the Law courses in Restraints on Business and Industry, Labor Law, Taxation, and Constitutional Law; students who have taken any of these courses given by the College of Arts and Sciences should confer with the appropriate member of the faculty of the College of Law before registering in the allied law course.

OTHER COURSES. In addition to the related courses listed in the preceding paragraph, the College of Arts and Sciences offers instruction in a large number of subjects of particular value to the lawyer. For example, courses are provided on international law, the elements of accounting, corporation finance, money and banking, problems in government and administration, logic, public speaking, argument and debate. (See the Announcement of the College of Arts and Sciences, which the Secretary of the University will send free on request.) These courses are open to law students, subject to the regulations of the College of Arts and Sciences, and to the prior demands of the regular schedule of professional courses in the College of Law. A limited amount of work of this character in Arts and Sciences may thus be obtained by a law student who maintains a good record.

SPECIAL LECTURE COURSES

Attendance Required of Juniors and Seniors

- The Law of Shipping and Admiralty. Six lectures. Judge PUTNAM.
 Patent Law. Six lectures. Mr. EWING.
 Public Service Law and Practice. Two lectures. Judge IRVINE.
 Preparation for Trial and Trial Practice. Three lectures. Judge CROUCH.
 Water Rights and Irrigation Law. Six lectures. Mr. BANNISTER.

PHYSICAL TRAINING AND MILITARY SCIENCE

Military drill and physical training are not required of law students, but may be taken by law students subject to the rules of those departments. For matters relating to Physical Training and Military Science, see the General Circular of Information, pages 45-47.

THE FRANK IRVINE LECTURESHIP

The Frank Irvine Lectureship, established in 1913 by the Conkling Chapter of the legal fraternity of Phi Delta Phi, in honor of Judge Irvine, former Dean of this college, provides for one or more lectures on legal topics each year by men of national reputation. The incumbents of the lectureship and the subjects of their respective addresses have been as follows:

- 1914—Hon. Adelbert Moot, of the Buffalo Bar. *Thoroughness.*
 1915—Charles A. Boston, Esq., of the New York City Bar. *Legal Ethics.*
 1916—No lecture.
 1917—Professor J. H. Wigmore, Dean of the Northwestern University College of Law, Chicago, Ill. *A New Way to Teach Old Law.*
 1918—Hon. Charles M. Hough, Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals, New York City. *Due Process of Law Today.*
 1919—Hon. Harlan F. Stone, formerly Dean of the Columbia University Law School, New York City. *The Lawyer and his Neighbors.*
 1920—Hon. Frederick E. Crane, Judge of the New York Court of Appeals, Brooklyn, N. Y. *The Fourth Estate.*
 1921—Professor Samuel Williston, Harvard Law School, Cambridge, Mass. *Freedom of Contract.*
 1922—Albert M. Kales, Esq., late of the Chicago Bar. *The Visceral and Ratiocinative Schools of Jurisprudence.*
 1923—Hon. Benjamin N. Cardozo, Judge of the New York Court of Appeals, New York City. *The Philosopher and the Lawyer.*
 1924—Hon. Irving Lehman, Judge of the New York Court of Appeals, New York City. *The Influence of the Universities on Judicial Decisions.*
 1925—Hon. Robert Von Moschzisker, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa.

THE CORNELL LAW QUARTERLY

This legal periodical is published in December, February, April, and June by the Faculty and students of the college. It contains leading articles by judges, lawyers, and law teachers on important legal problems, and also book reviews and student notes. The work of preparing these notes is regarded by the Faculty as one of the most valuable means of training afforded by the college. The student editors are selected from upperclassmen on their academic records including capacity for independent research and ability in expression.

Recent cases of novelty or peculiar interest are found by the student board through examination of the advance sheets of the reporters. Each student editor is assigned to work on one of these cases under the guidance of a member of the Faculty. The object is to make a thorough search of all the authorities on the point, to analyze carefully the problem involved, and finally to reduce to compact form suggestions regarding the state of the law and the soundness of the decision in question. This work trains the editors in the use of books, in marshalling and analysis of authorities, in critical and independent thought regarding legal problems, and in accurate, concise expression. It is discipline somewhat comparable to that obtained in briefing cases in a lawyer's office.

EXAMINATIONS AND CLASS STANDING

Examinations are held at the end of the term in the work of that term, and in September for the removal of conditions. All examinations have been, for many years, conducted under the honor system. There are no proctors or members of the Faculty present during the examinations. The students are on their honor to refrain from unfair practices.

The following grades are given: A, excellent; B, good; C, fair; D, poor; Cond., condition; F, failure to pass. AA may be given for a paper of exceptional excellence. In order to remain in good standing, a student must maintain an average above D. When a student appears to be dropping behind or neglecting his work, he is warned; if he continues to do poor work, he is placed on probation; and if he then makes no improvement, he is dropped from the college. A student failing for the first time to maintain the standard required for remaining in the college may be permitted, in the discretion of the Faculty, to return the following year and repeat the entire work of

the term during which the failure occurred; but a student who fails the second time will be permanently dropped. Detailed provisions with respect to examinations and class standing are stated in the Rules for the Guidance of Law Students issued on Registration Day of the first term.

REGISTRATION FOR BAR EXAMINATIONS

The bar examiners of the various States require, in many instances, the filing of certain certificates or the taking of preliminary examinations, before entrance upon the study of the law. All students entering the school should consult the Secretary of the College at once regarding these preliminaries. He will be glad to advise them how to satisfy the rules of the board of bar examiners of the State from which they come. Failure to take this step may result in the loss of much time.

DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES

DEGREE. The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) is conferred upon all students who have met the entrance requirements and satisfactorily completed eighty-two semester hours of the work of the curriculum, which must include all the work of the first year and the required courses of the second and third years.

CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE. Each student who has been in regular attendance upon the college, whether entitled to a degree or not, may on application to the Dean receive an official certificate of attendance, which states the time of his attendance, and, if desired the measure of his attainments.

EQUIPMENT

BOARDMAN HALL. All the work of the College of Law is conducted in Boardman Hall, a building erected exclusively for the use of the college. It is a three-story structure, 202 by 58 feet, built of Cleveland sandstone, with interior finish of oak. On the first floor are three lecture rooms and necessary cloak rooms. On the second floor are the offices of the several professors. On the third floor are the library rooms with accommodations for over sixty thousand volumes and three hundred readers.

LAW LIBRARY. The library of the College of Law numbers over 60,000 volumes and about 6,000 pamphlets, to which generous additions are made yearly. It includes the library of the late Nathaniel C.

Moak of Albany, N. Y., which was presented in 1893 by Mrs. A. M. Boardman and Mrs. Ellen D. Williams, as a memorial to Judge Douglas Boardman, the first dean of the college. In reports of the Federal courts, and of the several American State jurisdictions, and in English, Scotch, Irish, Canadian, Australian, and English colonial reports, the law library is practically complete to date. The Earl J. Bennett collection of Statute Law, provided for by the gift of Earl J. Bennett, LL.B., 1901, embraces about 4,950 volumes of the session laws of all of the states to date, and is of unusual fulness and value. The library also possesses a similarly adequate collection of textbooks, complete sets of substantially all law periodicals in English, digests and annotations, Railroad and Public Service Commission Reports and Bar Association Reports of the various States. Several hundred volumes of the records and briefs of cases in the New York Court of Appeals and accounts of important foreign and domestic criminal trials are also to be found in the library.

GENERAL LIBRARY. The University Library containing over 650,000 volumes (exclusive of the number of volumes in the Law Library) is accessible to law students in the same way as to students in the other colleges.

GYMNASIUM. The University gymnasium, under the direction of the Professor of Physical Education, is open to all students.

CORNELL INFIRMARY. The Infirmary, together with an endowment, was presented to the University in 1897, by Dean Sage and William H. Sage. The building, to which an addition has been erected, is equipped with all modern appliances for the care of patients, has a staff of trained nurses, and is open to all students.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES

CORNELL LAW ASSOCIATION SCHOLARSHIP NO. 1. This scholarship, in the sum of two hundred dollars, for the college year 1925-26, has been established by the Cornell Law Association from the net proceeds of the annual dues paid by its members; and is to be awarded, in the discretion of the law faculty, under rules prescribed by the Law Association, to an undergraduate in the College of Law.

CORNELL LAW ASSOCIATION SCHOLARSHIP NO. 2. This scholarship, in the sum of two hundred dollars, for the college year 1925-26, has been established by the Cornell Law Association from funds given for the purpose by William L. Ransom, Esq., its president; and is to be

awarded, in the discretion of the law faculty, under rules prescribed by the Law Association, to an undergraduate in the College of Law.

It is expected that other scholarships of similar nature will be set up by the Cornell Law Association. Later details may be obtained from the secretary of the College of Law.

STATE FREE-TUITION SCHOLARSHIPS IN CORNELL UNIVERSITY. Under Section 1037 of the New York State Education Law of 1910, the Commissioner of Education awards annually, after a competitive examination, to pupils of the public schools of the State, a number of free-tuition scholarships in Cornell University equal to the number of assembly districts in the State. Each scholarship entitles the holder to free tuition for four years, beginning in the September next after the competitive examination. The holder of one of these scholarships, in order to enjoy its benefits, must have satisfied the regular requirements for admission to one of the colleges of the University, and must have registered as a student of that college before the close of the last regular registration day for new students in the September next after the competitive examination. For information about the conditions of award of these scholarships, application should be made to the State Commissioner of Education at Albany.

STATE UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIPS. Under Chapter 292 of the Laws of 1913, as amended by Chapter 130, Laws of 1924, the State of New York maintains scholarships five of which are awarded each county annually for each assembly district therein. Each of these scholarships entitles the holder to \$100 for each year which he is in attendance upon an approved college in this State during a period of four years. The law provides that a person entitled to such scholarship shall not be restricted as to the choice of the college which he desires to attend, or the course of study which he proposes to pursue, provided that no such scholarship shall include professional instruction in theology or in any graduate courses following the receiving of a bachelor's degree. These scholarships are awarded by the State Commissioner of Education at Albany, to whom application should be made for any information about the conditions of award.

BOARDMAN SENIOR LAW SCHOLARSHIP. A senior Law Scholarship of the value of one hundred dollars, the gift of Judge Douglas Boardman, the first dean of the college, is awarded annually in June to the second year student who has, in the judgment of the Faculty, done the best work in law subjects to the end of his second year.¹ It is

¹Awarded in 1924 to Milton Weiss, A.B. of Hudson, N. Y.

available during the senior year and is payable in the same way as are other University undergraduate scholarships. This scholarship may be forfeited in case the Faculty is satisfied that the holder has not maintained a high standard of work, or has been guilty of any conduct unbecoming the holder of such a scholarship.

FRASER SCHOLARSHIPS. Two scholarships, of the value of \$100 and \$50 respectively, the gift of an alumnus of the College of Law, in memory of Alexander Hugh Ross Fraser, former librarian of the college, are awarded annually about the beginning of the college year to seniors whose law course has been taken entirely in Cornell University. They are awarded to students who have most fully evidenced high qualities of mind and character by superior achievements in scholarship and by those attributes which earn the commendation of teachers and fellow students. The award is made upon recommendation of the senior class by vote, from a list of members submitted by the Faculty as eligible by reason of superior scholarship.¹ The holder of the Boardman Scholarship is not eligible.

CORPORATE SURETYSHIP SCHOLARSHIP. In the year 1924-25 a scholarship of \$1,000 was donated by Edgar A. Hamilton, Esq., of the class of 1913, to be known as the Corporate Surety Scholarship, and to be awarded to a senior selected by the Faculty, to do research work in the history and development of Corporate Suretyship. The prize was awarded to Willis Dickinson Morgan for the year 1924-25.

UNIVERSITY PRIZES. Various prizes in public speaking, debate, essay writing, etc., are offered annually. For details, the special pamphlet on prizes, to be obtained from the Secretary of the University, should be consulted.

TUITION AND FEES

Tuition. The fee for tuition for all law students is \$200 a year, payable in installments of \$110 at the beginning of the first term and \$90 at the beginning of the second term.

A Matriculation Fee of \$10 is required of every student upon entrance into the University; this fee must be paid at the time of registration.

An Infirmary Fee of \$5 a term is required, at the beginning of each term, of every student.

¹The first Fraser Scholarship was awarded in 1924 to Albert J. Monahan, of Johnstown, N. Y. and the second Fraser Scholarship to Franklin S. Wood, A.B., of Seneca Falls, N. Y.

A *Locker Fee* of \$2 a term is required, at the beginning of each term, of every male undergraduate student. Payment of this fee entitles the student to the use of the gymnasium and the university playgrounds, and to the use of a locker, together with the use of bathing facilities and towels, in the gymnasium, or in the New York State Drill Hall, or in the Schoellkopf Memorial Building. A similar fee of \$1 a term is required of every undergraduate woman student. Its payment entitles the student to the use of the women's gymnasium, recreation rooms and playgrounds, and to the use of a locker if that is necessary.

A *Graduation Fee* is required, at least ten days before the degree is to be conferred, of every candidate for a degree. For a first or baccalaureate degree the fee is \$10; for an advanced degree it is \$20. The fee will be returned if the degree is not conferred.

Any tuition fee or other fee may be changed by the Trustees to take effect at any time without previous notice.

Further and more particular information as to fees will be found in the General Circular of Information, pages 32-35.

OTHER EXPENSES

Board and Rooms. The cost of rooms in the University dormitories for men varies from \$110 to \$215 a year. The necessary expenditure for rooms in fraternity and boarding houses varies from \$3 to \$6 a week. Board at cafeterias, boarding houses, restaurants, and fraternity houses costs from \$7 to \$10 a week.

Books. In the College of Law the books for the first year cost from \$25 to \$40. By the sale of books at the end of each year the cost of books for the ensuing year can ordinarily be almost entirely met.

A CERTIFICATE OF VACCINATION REQUIRED BEFORE MATRICULATION

Every student matriculating in the University in September, 1925, or thereafter, is required to present to the Registrar a satisfactory certificate of vaccination; this certificate to be considered satisfactory only if it certifies to a successful vaccination within the last five years or certifies that at least three unsuccessful attempts at vaccination have been made within that same period.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SELF-SUPPORT

A good many students at Cornell earn a part of their expenses by work during the term. Professional study demands so much of the student's time and energy, however, that it is highly inadvisable for a student in law to undertake the earning of any considerable part of his living expenses during the college year. The opportunities for remunerative work by students in Ithaca are so limited, moreover, that no student should begin a course at the University without enough funds to meet at least all the expenses of the first year. Three students in the junior and senior classes in the College of Law are employed as assistant librarians in the college. The University cannot undertake to find employment for students, but it maintains a bureau which gladly undertakes to help them in finding employment. Further information is given in the General Circular of Information and in a booklet entitled Self-Help, which the Secretary of the University will send free on request.

A student loan fund is available to worthy undergraduate students who have been at Cornell for at least one year. Applications for loans are received by the Secretary of the University.

Further information upon points not covered by this Announcement can be obtained by addressing THE COLLEGE OF LAW, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York.

CATALOGUE OF STUDENTS

1924-25

THIRD YEAR STUDENTS

Antell, Esther, A.B.	New York
Arrache Battistini, Ramon	Aquadillo, P. R.
Austin, James Albert	Brooklyn
Bernard, Anthony Byers	Richmond Hill
Casey, Francis Lawton, A.B.	Ithaca
Cassidy, Charles Emmes	Honolulu, T. H.
Cavinato, Lawrence Augustus	Fort Lee, N. J.
Clark, Waid Van de Mark, A.B.	Buffalo
Cookman, William Henry, jr.	Niagara Falls
Crozier, George Douglas	Honolulu, T. H.
Dale, Dwight Conn.	Franklin, Pa.
Fates, Hugh Lea, A.B.	Orange, N. J.
Felt, Ernest Porter, A.B.	Nassau
Garey, Walter Carney, A.B.	Elmira Heights
Gumaer, Elliott Wilder	Cat o
Hébert, Walter Jones	Hot Springs, Ark.
Israelson, William	Haverstraw
Jaeger, Otto Carl	White Plains
Lobrano, Gustave Stubbs	New Orleans, La.
McFadden, Thomas Joseph, A.B.	Staten Island
Meyers, Joseph Andrew, jr., A.B.	New York
Monahan, Albert John	Johnstown
Monahan, William Floyd	Johnstown
Morgan, Willis Dickinson, A.B.	Sprakers
Olmsted, Lawrence Judson, A.B.	Syracuse
Pelton, Robert Glasgow	Lowville
Peterson, Robert Karl	Washington, D. C.
Pollan, Robert Edward	Passaic, N. J.
Quillinan, Francis Joseph	Troy
Reynolds, Walter Barton	Elmira
Robinson, Willard Marshall Law	Cambridge
Rountree, Victoria Adeline	Brooklyn
Schoonmaker, Max Van Palen, A.B.	Bradford, Pa.
Webster, Myron Edward	Mansfield, Pa.
Weiss, Milton, A.B.	Hudson
Wolkinson, Herman	Brooklyn
Wood, Franklin Secor, A.B.	Seneca Falls

SECOND YEAR STUDENTS

Ballard, Charles Hitchcock	Longmeadow, Mas s.
Block, Louis	South Bend, Ind.
Brace, Willis LaMar	Tenafly, N. J.
Connelly, George Gartland, A.B.	Elmira
d'Angelo, Aristide, A.B.	New York
Doering, Paul Montgomery	River Forest, Ill.
Eiler, Robert William	Pittsburgh, Pa.
Evans, Lewis C.	Helena, Mont.
Fraser, Henry Salmon, A.B.	Syracuse
Gerry, Harvey Spalding, A.B.	Washington, D. C.
Goodelle, Fred	Weeds po
Goodman, Edward Manuel	Brookly

Gordan, Ralph Gerald	Elmira
Gundaker, Clarence Kugler	Philadelphia, Pa.
Harris, Joseph Thomas	Houston, Tex.
Irvine, Ralstone Robert, A.B.	Salt Lake City, Utah
Keeffe, Arthur John, A.B.	Elmira
Keenan, Timothy Murphy, A.B.	Rochester
Kennedy, Samuel Van Dyke, jr.	Auburn
Kovner, Bernard Jacob, A.B.	Brooklyn
Levinton, Geneva	New York
Martin, Kelsey Loftus	Houston, Tex.
Melcher, John Henry	Cleveland Heights, O.
Mendelowitz, Edward	New Brighton, N. J.
Moore, Arthur Rose	Fredonia
Paltrowitz, Reuben Harold	New York
Patterson, Robert Fenton	Poughkeepsie
Pirnie, Alexander, A.B.	Pulaski
Rice, George Byron, A.B.	Ithaca
Roche, Francis Miller	Rochester
Rosen, Robert	Buffalo
Ruf, Francis Augustus	Catskill
Sabin, Oliver Raymond	Brooklyn
Savitt, Max Maxwell	Hartford, Conn.
Schults, Clyde Everett, jr., A.B.	Hornell
Strong, Theodore Carroll, A.B.	Pittsburgh, Pa.
Sullivan, John Edward, A.B.	Elmira
Sullivan, Mortimer Allen, A.B.	Elmira
Super, Edward	Brooklyn
Thompson, Jerome Wilder, A.B.	Littleton, N. H.
Trilling, Rosamond, A.B.	Atlantic City, N. J.
Ulrich, Irma Charlotte	New York
Van Poznak, Aaron	Bradley Beach, N. J.
Welti, Walter, A.B.	Salt Lake City
Wettig, Frank B.	Brooklyn
Wile, Richard Herman	Buffalo
Wilensky, Oscar Royce	Passaic, N. J.
Wolkind, Edward Harold, A.B.	Buffalo
Wright, Theodore McAllister	Flushing
Youngman, Gordon Essey	Atlantic City, N. J.

FIRST YEAR STUDENTS

Adams, Addis Van Alystne	Fairport
*Ahlstrom, Edward Theodore	Jamestown
Allen, Lawrence Came, A.B.	Sanford, Me.
Andreozzi, Frank Paul, B.C.S.	Brooklyn
Andrews, John Leslie, B.S.	High Point, N. C.
Azorsky, Harry	Port Chester
Banks, Robert Treman, A.B.	Ithaca
*Barkin, Leroy	New York
Beeber, Holland	Williamsport, Pa.
Bell, Fred, jr.	Dubuque, Iowa
Berkowitz, Louis Sacks	New York
*Bernard, Sam, jr.	New York
Bissell, Frederick Olds, jr., A.B.	Buffalo
Blake, Donald Prouse	Chicago, Ill.
Blomeier, Herbert Henry	New York
Bloss, Henry Welch	Rochester
Bolles, Albert Thomas	Bellows Falls, Vt.
Breckenridge, Hugh	New Haven, Conn.

*Seniors in the College of Arts and Sciences of Cornell University.

Brooke, Wilfred Lee	Oak Park, Ill.
*Brown, Mary Elizabeth	Oneonta
Burke, William, jr.	Washington, D. C.
Campbell, Frank Bainbridge, A.B.	Binghamton
Canton, Irving Jesse, B.C.S.	New York
Casey, Edward James, B.S.	Ithaca
*Claster, Herbert Bernard	Lock Haven, Pa.
Clynes, Edmund, A.B.	Ithaca
Cohen, Herbert Spencer	New York
*Conroy, Eugene Joseph	Oneida
Cook, Junius Ford, jr., E.E.	Whitney Point
Cornell, Ezra	Denver, Colo.
*Dann, Robert Harding	Harrisburg, Pa.
*Dann, Roger Lewis	Harrisburg, Pa.
Doering, Otto Charles	River Forest, Ill.
*Eichen, Seymour Dubois	New York
Ellis, Grant Kenworthy, B.S.	Emporium, Pa.
*Erde, Joseph	Brooklyn
Flanagan, Daniel Francis	Tully
Foss, Julian Jacob	Savannah, Ga.
Freiberger, Irwin Lawrence, A.B.	Cleveland Heights, Ohio
*Friedlander, Henry George	Brooklyn
Goerner, Anthony Alfred	New York
Greenawalt, Kenneth William	Denver, Colo.
Harris, Joseph Thomas	Houston, Texas
Hoffman, Charles Edgar	New York
Homan, Benjamin Hale, jr.	New York
*Houchins, Joseph Roosevelt	Ithaca
Hunken, Henry Christian, jr.	Brooklyn
*Ickes, Edward William	Bloomdale, Ohio
Isaacs, Jerome Leon	Brooklyn
Jamison, Ralph Cline	Pontiac, Ill.
*Kahn, Leon Sidney	Norwalk, Ohio
*Katz, Nathan	Birmingham, Ala.
Kelly, Thomas A.	Ithaca
Koff, Seymour Joseph	Brooklyn
*Lazarus, Joseph Ashur	Bayonne, N. J.
Lewis, Loran	Pittsburgh, Pa.
Lloret, Rafael Gonzalez, A.B.	Bulacan, P. I.
*Love, Arthur Herbert	Brooklyn
*MacDonald, John Winchester	Watervliet
*McKinley, William	White Plains
Mahler, Edward	Perth Amboy, N. J.
Meigs, Robert Brandes	Westfield, N. J.
Melzer, Lester David	Brooklyn
Meyer, Henry Herman	Richmond Hill
*Mezansky, Samuel	Poughkeepsie
Morgan, George Warren	Pottsville, Pa.
*Morris, Robert	New York
*Murray, Oliver James	Rockville Center
*Neate, Lucy Loretta	Falconer
Niday, Margaret Mary	Boise, Idaho
Nixon, John Frederick	Atlantic City, N. J.
Ogden, George Dorris	Batavia
Parker, Eugene Lewis	Lakewood, Ohio
Parshall, William Baldwin, B.S.	Uniontown, Pa.
Pfann, George Roberts, A.B.	Marion, Ohio
Pillion, John Raymond	Lackawanna
Purdon, James Ralph	Clearfield, Pa.
Ramirez, Mariano Hector	Mayaguez, P. R.

Rankin, Archie Fraser	Manitowoc, Wisc.
Ready, Robert William, B.S.	Burlington, Vt.
*Rickert, Thomas George	Niagara Falls
Rindfuss, Leo Carl	Buffalo
*Robbins, Joseph	Brooklyn
Rosenbaum, Charles	Port Henry
Rosenberg, Joseph	Morristown, N. J.
*Rosenblum, Martin	Middletown
Rutledge, Arthur Hamilton	Rockford, Ill.
Schlossbach, Benjamin	Bradley Beach, N. J.
Seff, Raymond Seymour	Bradley, Pa.
Shapiro, Israel, B.C.S.	Bayonne, N. J.
Shapiro, Samuel	New York
*Shirey, Henry John	Warwick
Shoemaker, William Grattan, jr.	Buffalo
Smith, Harry Martin	New York
Steffens, Alfred Peter	Brooklyn
*Southworth, Walter Turner	Batavia
*Thaler, Louis	Brooklyn
Thomas, Elmer William	Joliet, Ill.
*Van Vranken, Virginia	Schenectady
Waugh, Susan Jane, A.B.	Chicago, Ill.
Weigel, Thomas Blane	Washington, D. C.
Wickes, Francis Allen, B.S.	Ticonderoga
Wilkinson, Lawrence Brown	Camden
Willig, Samuel	Ferndale
Young, John Shaw	Springfield, Mass.
Zauderer, Seymour Jefferson	Brooklyn

SPECIAL STUDENTS

Burns, Emmett Robert	Philadelphia, Pa.
Eber, William	Rochester
Roberts, Carrollton Arthur	Geneva
Weinberg, Abraham Gerald	Buffalo

STUDENTS FROM OTHER COLLEGES IN THE UNIVERSITY
ELECTING COURSES IN THE COLLEGE OF LAW

Brackett, Ernest Walker	Mohawk
Brown, Donald W.	Punxsutawney, Pa.
Cotton, John F.	Ithaca
Eldredge, Samuel F., jr.	Cape May, N. J.
Fishbein, Joseph	New York
Horwitz, Benjamin	Brooklyn
Kaye, Herbert Bernard, A.B.	Brooklyn
Salwen, Bertha, A.B.	Brooklyn
Strong, Charles N.	Pittsburgh, Pa.

STUDENTS REGISTERED IN THE SUMMER SESSION, 1924

Andreozzi, Frank Paul, B.C.S.	Brooklyn
Ballard, Charles Hitchcock	Longmeadow, Mass.
Beeber, Holland	Williamsport, Pa.
Bernard, Anthony Byers	Richmond Hill
Billig, Thomas Clifford, A.B.	New Brighton, Pa.
Bissell, Frederick Olds, jr., A.B.	Buffalo
Blaine, Marjorie	New York

Blankfein, Rose Jeanne	Whitestone
Brown, Mary Elizabeth	Oneonta
Burns, Emmett Robert	Philadelphia, Pa.
Campbell, Willard Donald, A.B.	New Concord, Ohio
Canton, Irving Jesse, B.C.S.	New York
Casey, Francis Lawton, A. B.	Ithaca
Clark, Waid Van De Mark, A.B.	Buffalo
Clynes, Edmund, A.B.	Ithaca
Connelly, George Gartland, A.B.	Elmira
Cook, Junius Ford, jr., E.E.	Whitney Point
Cookman, William Henry, jr.	Niagara Falls
Crouch, Paul Austin, A.B.	Big Moose
Crozier, George Douglas	Honolulu, T. H.
Dale, Dwight Conn.	Franklin, Pa.
d'Angelo, Aristide, A.B.	Corona
D'Errico, Michael William, A.B.	Cleveland, Ohio
Duvall, John Claude, B.S.	Syracuse
Ellison, Edwina Mack	Watkins
Erde, Joseph	Brooklyn
Fagan, Thomas Moulton	Portland, Me.
Flanagan, Daniel Francis	Tully
Foster, Fordyce Lawrence	Hammondsport
Gibbs, Douglas Seymour, A.B.	New York
Goldman, Louis Albert, M.A.	Brooklyn
Goodelle, Fred	Weedsport
Gould, Herbert MacMillan	Ardmore, Pa.
Gundaker, Clarence Kugler	Philadelphia, Pa.
Hébert, Walter Jones	Hot Springs, Ark.
Heffern, Hugh James	Buffalo
Higgins, Walter Edwin, A.B.	Cleveland, O.
Horwitz, Benjamin	Brooklyn
Howell, Sidney Preswick, A.B.	Ithaca
Howes, Roy Francis, M.A.	Lewisburg, Pa.
Howland, Frederick Arthur, A.B.	Hudson Falls
Jaffe, Isidore	Brooklyn
Kahn, Leon Sidney	Norwalk, O.
Kaye, Herbert Bernard, A.B.	Brooklyn
Keeffe, Arthur John, A.B.	Elmira
Keenan, Timothy Murphy, A.B.	Rochester
Kelly, Thomas A.	Ithaca
Keyserling, Harold Levy, B.S.	Beaufort, S. C.
Klages, Elliot Huber	Brooklyn
Lichauco, Marcial Primitivo, S.B.	Manila, P. I.
McAuliffe, Joseph Walsh, A.B.	Albion, Mich.
MacEllven, David Elderfield	Niagara Falls
McFadden, Thomas Joseph, A.B.	Staten Island
Mandeville, Frederick Byrne	New York
Meigs, Robert Brandes	Westfield, N. J.
Morgan, Benjamin Stephen, A.B.	Charleston, W. Va.
Morrison, John Cooper, jr.	Charleston, W. Va.
Morse, Alvertus Davis	Northampton, Mass.
Mullen, Joseph James, B.S.	Hartford, Conn.
Myers, Ralph Jennings	Canton, Ohio
Newcomb, Carlyle Bradley, A.B.	Hilton
Nile, Abbott Howe, A.B.	Rumford, Me.
Olmsted, Laurence Judson, A.B.	Syracuse
Oppenheim, Edwin B.	Detroit, Mich.
Paltrowitz, Reuben Harold	New York
Payne, Andrew Allemong	Charleston, W. Va.
Peiton, Robert Glasgow	Lowville

Peterson, Robert Karl	Washington, D. C
Phillips, John McKinley	Waynesburg, Pa
Power, Donald Clinton	Columbus, Ohio
Reynolds, Walter Barton	Elmira
Robinson, Willard Marshall Law	Cambridge
Rosen, Robert	Buffalo
Rountree, Victoria Adeline	Brooklyn
Schoonmaker, Max Van Palen, A.B.	Bradford, Pa.
Seney, Henry William, 2nd, A.B.	Toledo, O.
Stout, Joshua Wilson, jr.	Ithaca
Suprenant, Velmore Joseph	Adams, Mass.
Villasenor, Victor Manuel	Mexico City, Mexico
Weaver, Janet Elizabeth	Newman
Weinberg, Abraham Gerald	Buffalo
Werne, Benjamin	Columbus, O.
Wickes, Francis Allen, B.S.	Ticonderoga